Appendix B

Equalities Impact Assessment

Introduction

A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to—

- (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act;
- (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it;
- (c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it

Background

Population

- The City of London has a population of 8,600 of which 713 residents are aged 0 18. Of these, 130 are aged 0 2 years.
- The population is diverse with around 25% from a Black, Asian or Minority Ethnic Community. 17% of the population are recorded as Asian in the 2021 census. There is a large Asian population living on the east of the City, bordering Tower Hamlets. The area also has the highest levels of income deprivation in the Square Mile and is also within the lowest 20% for income deprivation nationally. There are 29 children aged 0 2 who are resident in Portsoken Ward.
- The City Corporation currently supports 26 children with an EHCP. One of these children are aged under 5.

Childcare

- A total of 52 City children receive their childcare through City of London based childcare providers of which 21 are 0- 2-year-olds.
- Currently, eight 0 2-year-old and six 3 4-year-old City of London children receive their childcare provision through The Aldgate School. The eight consist of three babies and five 2 3-year-olds. Of the 14 City children, 11 are funded by the DfE.
- There are five other childcare providers in the City of London.
- Currently there are 10 existing 0 2 childcare places within existing providers in the City of London with a total of 45 places available in September for 0 2-year-olds (this excludes the Aldgate provision)
- There is currently one child in the Aldgate childcare provision who has a special educational need or disability

- Two of the children within this childcare provision live in the Portsoken ward
- We do not currently have data on the ethnicity of the City of London children attending the Aldgate provision

This Equality Impact Assessment considers the three policy proposals and assesses the potential impacts of each on the protected characteristics plus, experience of care, social mobility and whether the proposals help foster equality and good community relations. It considers these from two dimensions – the impact on children, and the impact on parents / carers.

Impacts that are positive, are likely to support the advancement of equality of opportunity in line with the Public Sector Equality Duty.

Children

Protected Characteristic	Policy proposals		
	Policy Proposal One – no subsidy	Policy Proposal Two – Subsidy to	Policy Proposal Three – subsidy
	(and therefore no childcare	The Aldgate School	to all City Children attending
	provision at The Aldgate School)		childcare settings (subject to agreed eligibility criteria)
Age	These policy proposals specifically relate to children aged 0 – 2 (rising three)	These policy proposals specifically relate to children aged 0 – 2 (rising three)	These policy proposals specifically relate to children aged 0 – 2 (rising three).
	Overall, a reduction in childcare provision could have a potentially negative effect if it meant that children were unable to access the provision, they require which in turn impacts on a range of other associated factors such as educational outcomes and social mobility.	Only subsidising the childcare at The Aldgate School would mean that children who are in other settings would not be benefitting from the additional subsidy. The approach may not support the advancement of equality of opportunity.	They are likely to advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it Impact: Positive
	There is currently capacity within	Impact: Potentially negative	
	other childcare provision in the		
	City of London, but this is volatile		

	and subject to change. There is also childcare provision in Tower Hamlets, within reasonable walking distance of those living in Portsoken Ward. Should capacity elsewhere change, the approach may not support the advancement of equality of opportunity. Impact: Potentially negative if capacity / supply profile were to change		
Race	Around 17% of the population are recorded in the Census as Asian. There is a large Asian population living on the east of the City of Lonon. The rate of income deprivation is also highest in this area of the City of London (see socio-economic section below) Of the children who attend the childcare provision, who are from the City of London, two children live in the Portsoken ward. Anecdotal evidence suggests that some of the families on the east side of the City of London are less	As noted, the City of London Children who attend the childcare provision are not predominantly from the local area so subsidising the setting would not have a specific impact on this group. Impact: Neutral	Subsidy following a child supports choice in accessibility Impact: Positive

Disability	likely to use childcare provision generally. Reducing provision at the Aldgate setting reduces accessibility to local provision. However, there is currently capacity in other providers in the City of London. There are also options just over the border in Tower Hamlets. Impact: potentially negative All providers are required to make provision for children with SEND. There is currently one City of London Child who has SEN who attends the Aldgate childcare setting. Other childcare settings should be able to meet SEND needs. There is currently capacity within other settings within the City of London. There is also childcare provision in Tower Hamlets to the east of the Aldgate Provision Impact: Neutral	All providers are required to make provision for children with SEND Impact: Neutral	All providers are required to make provision for children with SEND However, subsidy following a child allows for more choice and options to meet a child's needs in a specific setting. Impact: Positive
Gender Reassignment	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Marriage or Civil Partnership	N/A	N/A	N/A

Pregnancy and Maternity	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sex	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Religion or Belief	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Sexual Orientation	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral

Additional considerations

Characteristic	Policy proposals		
	Policy Proposal One – no subsidy	Policy Proposal Two – Subsidy to	Policy Proposal Three – Subsidy
	(and therefore no childcare	The Aldgate School	to all City of London children in
	provision)		childcare settings (subject to
			agreed eligibility criteria)
Socio-economic deprivation	There are higher levels of socio-	The setting is rooted in the local	Provides equity to more children
	economic deprivation in the east	community and for local families	
	of the City of London which has	provides an accessible option.	Impact: Positive
	wider implications around factors		
	such as educational and health	However, there is a potentially	
	outcomes.	negative impact for children who	
		don't attend the setting and don't	
	Currently two children who attend	benefit from the subsidy	
	the setting live in the Portsoken		
	ward.	Impact: Potentially negative	
	There is a potential negative		
	impact of reducing accessibility to		
	childcare in the east of the City of		
	London on those experiencing		
	socio – economic deprivation.		

	However, there is currently other childcare provision across the City of London and across the border in Tower Hamlets.		
	Impact: Potentially negative		
Care Experience	There are currently seven children in care of which one is aged 0 – 4. Children in Care are accommodated outside City boundaries and do not generally use City of London based childcare provision.	Impact: Neutral	Experience of care and the context of this means that these often experience differential life chances / outcomes. Access to childcare and educational opportunities that meet their needs are critical.
	There may be children who have previously been in care who return to the care of their parents in the City of London who require childcare provision. Given the size and scale of the children in care cohort, this is unlikely to be a significant issue in relation to this provision and would only be likely to impact where the family lived in that area.		This proposal helps facilitate that. Impact: Positive
	Impact: Neutral		
Social Mobility	Education forms the basis for social mobility later in life and	Impact: Neutral	Provides equity for more children Impact: Positive

Advancing Equality and Fostering Good Relations	good quality childcare early on contributes to this. Reducing the availability of childcare could therefore have an impact on this but as noted, there is currently capacity in other providers across the City of London and in Tower Hamlets. Impact: Potentially negative Any childcare provision should be fostering equality and good relations. Given that there are other	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral

Parents and Carers

	Policy Proposal One – no subsidy	Policy Proposal Two – Subsidy to The Aldgate School	Policy Proposal Three – Subsidy to all City of London children in childcare (subject to agreed eligibility criteria)
Age	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral

Race	The east of the City of London has a more diverse population with many families from an Asian background. The rate of income deprivation is also highest in this area of the City of London (see socio-economic section below) Of the children who attend the childcare provision, who are from the City of London, two children live in the Portsoken ward in the east of the City of London. Anecdotal evidence suggests that some of the families on the east side of the City of London are less likely to use childcare provision generally. Reducing provision at the Aldgate setting reduces accessibility to local provision. However, there is currently capacity in other providers in the City of London. There are also options just over the border in Tower Hamlets. Impact: Potentially negative	As noted, the City of London Children who attend the childcare provision are not predominantly from the local area so subsidising the setting would not have a specific impact on this group Impact: Neutral	Subsidy following a child supports choice in accessibility and allows parents and carers to meet their childcare needs more flexibly. Impact: Positive
Disability	There is no data on how many parents of children in the City of London are disabled.	Impact: Neutral	Subsidy following a child supports choice in accessibility and allows

	There is a potential negative impact here if childcare options are not readily accessible, but this is dependent on geographical location of families with a disabled parent / carers within it. Disabled people are more likely to experience disadvantage in the labour market and accessible childcare is a key factor in tackling this disadvantage. There is however currently other childcare provision within the City of London and over the border in Tower Hamlets. Impact: Neutral		parents and carers to meet their childcare needs more flexibly. Impact: Positive
Gender Reassignment	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Marriage or Civil Partnership	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Pregnancy and Maternity	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Gender	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Religion or Belief	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
Sexual Orientation	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral

Additional considerations

	Policy Proposal One – no subsidy	Policy Proposal Two – Subsidy to The Aldgate School	Policy Proposal Three – Subsidy to all City of London children in childcare (subject to agreed eligibility criteria)
Socio-economic deprivation	There are higher levels of socioeconomic deprivation in the east of the City of London which has wider implications around factors such as educational and health outcomes. Currently 2 children who attend the setting live in the Portsoken ward There is a potential negative impact of reducing accessibility to childcare in the east of the City of London on those experiencing socio — economic deprivation. However, there is currently other childcare provision across the City of London and across the border in Tower Hamlets. Impact: Potentially negative	The setting is rooted in the local community and for local families provides an accessible option. However, there is a potentially negative impact for children who don't attend the setting and don't benefit from the subsidy Impact: Potentially negative	Provides equity to more children Impact: Positive
Care Experience	City of London Care Leavers are prioritised for City of London	Impact: Neutral	Experience of care and the context of this means that there

	housing with most who want it		can often be differential life
	receiving this housing by the age		chances and outcomes.
	of 25. Ten care leavers have		chances and outcomes.
			Commandian arms arms with a said
	children.		Supporting care experienced
			parents with flexible and
	Middlesex Street estate is on the		accessible childcare options
	east of the City of London and		supports the promotion of
	some care leavers will live here.		positive life outcomes.
	Social workers will support care		Impact: Positive
	leavers up to the age of 25 and		
	this would include those care		
	leavers who more into City of		
	London housing with children.		
	Accessing childcare would be one		
	of the areas social workers would		
	provide support with.		
	provide support mum		
	There is however other childcare		
	provision within the City of		
	London and over the border in		
	Tower Hamlets.		
	Impact: Potentially negative		
Social Mobility	For parents and carers, access to	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
	employment and the ability to		
	progress contributes to social		
	mobility.		
	Reducing the availability of		
	childcare could therefore have an		
	impact on this but as noted, there		
	impact on this but as noted, there		

	is currently capacity in other providers within the City of London and across the border in Tower Hamlets Impact: Potentially negative		
Advancing Equality and Fostering Good Relations	Any childcare provision should be fostering equality and good relations.	Any childcare provision should be fostering equality and good relations.	Any childcare provision should be fostering equality and good relations.
	There are currently other childcare providers across the City of London or over the border in Tower Hamlets.	Impact: Neutral	Impact: Neutral
	Impact: Neutral		